Hebrews 10:3 – 18

New American Standard Bible 1995

- ³But in those *sacrifices* there is a reminder of sins year by
- 2 year. ⁴For it is impossible for the blood of bulls and goats to
- take away sins. ⁵ Therefore, when He comes into the world,
 He says,
- 5 "Sacrifice and offering You have not desired,
 6 But a body You have prepared for Me;
 7 ⁶ In whole burnt offerings and *sacrifices* for sin You
 8 have taken no pleasure.
 9 ⁷ "Then I said, 'Behold, I have come
- 10 (In the scroll of the book it is written of Me)
- 11 To do Your will, O God."" [*Psalm 40:6-8a*]
- 12 ⁸ After saying above, "Sacrifices and offerings and whole
- burnt offerings and *sacrifices* for sin You have not desired,
 nor have You taken pleasure *in them*" (which are offered
 according to the Law), ⁹ then He said, "Behold, I have come
 to do Your will." He takes away the first in order to establish
 the second. ¹⁰ By this will we have been sanctified through
- 18 the offering of the body of Jesus Christ once for all.
- 19 ¹¹Every priest stands daily ministering and offering time 20 after time the same sacrifices, which can never take away 21 sins; ¹² but He, having offered one sacrifice for sins for all time, sat down at the right hand of God, ¹³ waiting from that 22 time onward until His enemies be made a footstool for His 23 24 feet. ¹⁴ For by one offering He has perfected for all time those who are sanctified. ¹⁵ And the Holy Spirit also testifies to us; 25 for after saying, 26
- ¹⁶ "This is the covenant that I will make with them
 After those days, says the Lord:
- 29 I will put My laws upon their heart,
- 30 And on their mind I will write them,"
- 31 *He then says*,
- ¹⁷ "And their sins and their lawless deeds
 I will remember no more." [*Jeremiah 31:33a*, *34b*]
- 18 Now where there is forgiveness of these things, there is no
- 35 longer *any* offering for sin.

Read the passage through completely before looking at these questions.

Observation (What does it <u>say</u>?):

What do you notice in this passage? Use different symbols (underline, circle, star, etc.) to mark:

- Repeated words or ideas
- References to time
- Purpose, explanation, logical connections
- Unusual or symbolic language
- Compare the indented quotations with their OT sources (back page).
- What else do you observe in this passage?

Interpretation (What does it mean?):

After observing the passage:

- How does this passage connect with the preceding section (9:18-10:4) from last week? Similarities? Differences?
- Is the writer simply making the same point as before? Does this passage add to his argument? If so, how? If not, why repeat?
- What parts seem unclear or confusing?
- What parts challenge your previous thinking?
- What questions come to mind as you read?

Application (What does it mean <u>for me</u>?):

- What do you think of when you consider Jesus seated at the Father's right hand?
- How might this passage affect your understanding of who God is and what He is doing and what He has done?
- What would be different (attitudes, behavior) if God used this passage to change you?

Observation – What does it say? **Interpretation** – What does it mean?

Application – What does it mean for me?

For additional thought and discussion: Psalm 40 ⁶ Sacrifice and meal offering You have not desired; My ears You have opened; Burnt offering and sin offering You have not required.

⁷ Then I said, "Behold, I come;
 In the scroll of the book it is written of me.
 ⁸ I delight to do Your will, O my God;
 Your Law is within my heart."

Jeremiah 31

³³ "But this is the covenant which I will make with the house of Israel after those days," declares the Lord, "I will put My law within them and on their heart I will write it; and I will be their God, and they shall be My people. ³⁴ They will not teach again, each man his neighbor and each man his brother, saying, 'Know the Lord,' for they will all know Me, from the least of them to the greatest of them," declares the Lord, "for I will forgive their iniquity, and their sin I will remember no more."

For more suggested methods of study: <u>http://www.goodnotsafe.com/methodical-bible-study/</u> For examples of inductive studies: <u>http://www.goodnotsafe.com/inductive-bible-study-examples-2/</u>

Observation (What does it <u>say</u>?)

What <u>facts</u> do you **observe** about the passage that help bring out the writer's thought process?

- Who are the people involved?
- What action takes place?
- What type of literature is it (poetry, history, didactic, etc.)?
- What details are included or left out?
- Are any unusual words used?
- Is there symbolic language?
- What is the grammar of the passage (pronouns, prepositions, verb tenses)?
- Are words or ideas repeated?
- Any comparisons or contrasts?
- Any cause and effect?
- Are there indications of purpose ("in order that...")?
- Are there conclusions ("Therefore...")?
- Are there explanations?
- Does the passage logically break into sections?
- How would you summarize the passage?
- What would be a good "headline" for the passage?

Inductive Bible Study (A few general ideas) Interpretation (What does it mean?)

What <u>questions</u> come to mind about the facts that would help you **interpret** the meaning?

- How would the original readers have understood the passage?
- What is the main emphasis?
- Why does the writer use repetition, or contrast, or unusual words?
- What does the grammar or structure of the passage reveal about the writer's thought pattern?
- Is there a logical sequence in the passage?
- How are different ideas in the passage connected?
- Are there any new ideas or concepts presented?
- Are there difficulties in the passage?

Application (What does it mean <u>for me</u>?)

What is the <u>impact</u> on your life? What **application** does the Holy Spirit want to show you?

- Is there a command to obey?
- Is there a promise to be thankful for?
- Is there an attribute of God to worship?
- Is there an example to follow?

Read nothing into the Scriptures, but draw everything from them, and suffer nothing to remain hidden that is really in them. J.A. Bengel (1687-1752)

For a much more detailed description of the methodology, see

Robert A. Traina, Methodical Bible Study. Wilmore, Kentucky: Asbury Theological Seminary, 1952.

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